# **Concepts and Definitions**

The concepts and definitions used in Population and Housing Census 2011 are as follows:

#### District:

Brunei Darussalam is divided into four districts namely Brunei Muara, Belait, Tutong and Temburong.

#### Mukim:

Each district is divided into several mukims and in each mukim there are a number of kampungs or villages. Usually a mukim is headed by a Penghulu and a kampung or village is headed by a Ketua Kampung.

#### Kampung:

A Mukim is divided into several kampungs or villages with a Ketua Kampung or Village Headman for each or a group of them depending on the sizes of the kampungs.

## **Enumeration Area:**

Kampungs or localities in each mukim were further divided into several enumeration areas. Each enumeration area comprise one or the entire kampung/locality or part of it. A large kampung/locality might be divided into several enumeration areas.

## Living Quarters:

A living quarters is defined as a building or a part of a building which is separated and independent, and is being used or to be used for permanent or temporary living place by one person or more.

Separate means that the building structure is physically surrounded or parted by wall, fence, etc.

Independent means that there is a direct access to the living quarter and its occupiers can move freely in and out, without necessarily passing through other's living quarters.

#### Average annual population growth rate

The average annual population growth rate is used as a measure of change in many analyses and is calculated as:

$$r = \frac{\left[\ln\left(\frac{P_{t+n}}{P_t}\right)\right]}{n} \ge 100$$

where

- r is the average annual population growth rate
- *n* is the exact number of years between year t and year t+n
- $P_t$  is the population at the year t
- $P_{t+n}$  is the population at the year  $_{t+n}$
- In is the natural logarithm

## Sex ratio:

The sex ratio is the number of males per 100 females.

## Population density:

The density of persons per square kilometre is the ratio of the population of a given area to the number of square kilometres in the same area.

## **Residential Status:**

*Residential Status is the status of the person in relation to the immigration laws of the country. The categories of residential status are:* 

- i) Brunei citizen, i.e. holder of Brunei Darussalam yellow identity card;
- *ii) Permanent resident, i.e. holder of Brunei Darussalam purple identity card;*
- iii) Temporary resident, i.e. holder of Brunei Darussalam green identity card; and
- iv) Others

The category 'Others' included relatives or friends who visited the household during the census period.

## Total Age Dependency Ratio:

The total age dependency ratio is the number of persons aged 15 years and below and 65 years and over per one hundred persons aged 15 to 64 years. It is the sum of the child dependency ratio and the old-age dependency ratio and is calculated as:

Child Population (age < 15) + Old Age Population (age 65 and over) Working Population (15 < age < 64)

## Child Dependency Ratio:

The child dependency ratio is the number of persons aged 0 to 14 years per one hundred persons aged 15 to 64 years.

# Old Age Dependency Ratio:

The old age dependency ratio is the number of persons aged 65 years and over per one hundred persons aged 15 to 64 years.

## Median Age:

The median age of a population is that age that divides a population into two groups of the same size, such that half the total population is younger than this age, and the other half older.

## Race:

Malays refer to Brunei Malays, comprising of persons belonging to one of the following ethnic groups of the Malay race, namely Brunei, Tutong, Belait, Kedayan, Dusun, Bisaya or Murut.

Chinese refers to all persons who belong to the Chinese ethnic group, while Others consists of the rest of the population not included in the Malay and Chinese racial groups.

## Religion:

Religion is defined as the religious or spiritual belief or preference of the person. The categories of religion used in the census are:

- i) Islam
- ii) Christianity
- iii) Buddhism
- iv) Others

The other religions, unstated faiths and no religious beliefs were grouped into "Others".

## Marital Status:

Marital Status is the status of the person in relation to the marriage laws or custom of Brunei Darussalam. The categories of the marital status are:

- i) Single
- ii) Married
- iii) Divorced
- iv) Widowed

# Country of Birth:

The country of birth is the country in which the person was born. It should be noted that the place or country of birth is not necessarily related to nationality, which is a separate topic.

## Nationality:

Nationality is the legal nationality of the person. A person with a yellow Brunei Darussalam identity card is automatically a citizen of Brunei Darussalam.

## Duration of Residence:

The duration of residence is the number of years the person has been living in Brunei Darussalam. This information is derived from the year of the first arrival in Brunei Darussalam and subsequently residing in this country. This information was only recorded for the persons born outside Brunei Darussalam.